



**Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements [unaudited]
For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017**

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position

*In thousands of Canadian dollars,
[unaudited]*

	Note	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Investment properties	[4]	\$2,688,301	\$2,279,763
Property and equipment		5,309	5,192
Other non-current assets		775	659
		\$2,694,385	\$2,285,614
Current assets			
Cash		\$2,110	\$12,000
Rent and other receivables		4,004	2,355
Other current assets	[6]	17,283	11,241
		23,397	25,596
TOTAL ASSETS		\$2,717,782	\$2,311,210
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Unitholders' equity	[12]	\$1,125,695	\$967,618
Accumulated other comprehensive loss ("AOCL")		—	(37)
Non-controlling interest		121	141
Total Equity		\$1,125,816	\$967,722
Non-current liabilities			
Mortgages and loans payable	[7]	\$1,072,656	\$951,645
Other liabilities		13,410	12,161
Exchangeable units	[11]	61,182	54,937
Deferred income tax	[17]	123,261	103,206
Deferred unit-based compensation	[14]	5,370	4,501
		\$1,275,879	\$1,126,450
Current liabilities			
Mortgages and loans payable	[7]	\$195,195	\$136,862
Credit facilities	[8]	16,417	—
Construction loans	[9]	53,778	41,046
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	[10]	50,697	39,130
		316,087	217,038
Total Liabilities		\$1,591,966	\$1,343,488
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		\$2,717,782	\$2,311,210
Commitments and contingencies	[21]		
Financial guarantees	[22]		

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Board of Trustees

(signed) "G. Wayne Watson"
Trustee

(signed) "Philip D. Fraser"
Trustee

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income

*In thousands of Canadian dollars,
[unaudited]*

	Note	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
		2018	2017	2018	2017
Property revenue	[15]	\$55,532	\$48,595	\$157,919	\$138,798
Property operating expenses					
Operating expenses		(8,800)	(7,620)	(24,454)	(22,403)
Utility and fuel expenses		(3,838)	(3,658)	(16,067)	(14,442)
Property taxes		(6,410)	(5,571)	(18,575)	(16,480)
		(19,048)	(16,849)	(59,096)	(53,325)
Net operating income		\$36,484	\$31,746	\$98,823	\$85,473
Other income		237	228	749	630
Financing costs	[16]	(9,410)	(8,021)	(27,291)	(24,810)
Depreciation		(238)	(207)	(693)	(562)
Amortization of deferred financing costs		(628)	(431)	(1,675)	(1,276)
Administration		(3,712)	(3,783)	(10,594)	(9,458)
Fair value adjustment on convertible debentures		—	—	—	690
Fair value adjustment on unit-based compensation		(698)	(81)	(641)	(404)
Fair value adjustment on exchangeable units	[11]	(4,393)	(1,739)	(7,299)	(4,831)
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	[4]	14,685	—	99,758	32,718
Loss on disposition		—	—	(183)	(238)
Income before income taxes		32,327	17,712	150,954	77,932
Deferred tax expense	[17]	(5,207)	(3,063)	(20,055)	(11,022)
Net income		\$27,120	\$14,649	\$130,899	\$66,910
Other comprehensive income					
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to net income					
Amortization of loss in AOCL to financing costs		7	15	37	45
Comprehensive income		\$27,127	\$14,664	\$130,936	\$66,955
Net income attributable to:					
Unitholders		27,121	14,645	130,887	66,900
Non-controlling interest		(1)	4	12	10
		\$27,120	\$14,649	\$130,899	\$66,910
Comprehensive income attributable to:					
Unitholders		27,128	14,660	130,924	66,945
Non-controlling interest		(1)	4	12	10
		\$27,127	\$14,664	\$130,936	\$66,955

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity

*In thousands of Canadian dollars,
[unaudited]*

Nine months ended September 30, 2018	Trust Units	Contributed Surplus	Retained Earnings	AOCL	Non-controlling Interest	Total Equity
As at January 1, 2018	\$718,858	\$795	\$247,965	(\$37)	\$141	\$967,722
Exchange of exchangeable units	1,054	—	—	—	—	1,054
Distribution reinvestment plan	10,722	—	—	—	—	10,722
Deferred unit-based compensation	327	—	—	—	—	327
Issued for cash	54,852	—	—	—	—	54,852
Net income	—	—	130,887	—	12	130,899
Amortization of loss on forward interest rate hedge	—	—	—	37	—	37
Distributions on non-controlling interest	—	—	—	—	(32)	(32)
Distributions declared and paid	—	—	(35,190)	—	—	(35,190)
Distributions payable	—	—	(4,575)	—	—	(4,575)
As at September 30, 2018	\$785,813	\$795	\$339,087	\$—	\$121	\$1,125,816

Nine months ended September 30, 2017	Trust Units	Contributed Surplus	Retained Earnings	AOCL	Non-controlling Interest	Total Equity
As at January 1, 2017	\$560,197	\$795	\$189,458	(\$97)	\$113	\$750,466
Exchange of exchangeable units	32	—	—	—	—	32
Distribution reinvestment plan	8,294	—	—	—	—	8,294
Deferred unit-based compensation	227	—	—	—	—	227
Issued for cash	73,575	—	—	—	—	73,575
Net income	—	—	66,900	—	10	66,910
Amortization of loss on forward interest rate hedge	—	—	—	45	—	45
Distributions declared and paid	—	—	(30,069)	—	—	(30,069)
Distributions payable	—	—	(3,889)	—	—	(3,889)
As at September 30, 2017	\$642,325	\$795	\$222,400	(\$52)	\$123	\$865,591

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows

*In thousands of Canadian dollars,
[unaudited]*

		Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	Note	2018	2017	2018	2017
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net income		\$27,120	\$14,649	\$130,899	\$66,910
Add (deduct) items not affecting cash					
Fair value adjustments		(9,594)	1,820	(91,818)	(28,173)
Depreciation and amortization		866	638	2,368	1,838
Non-cash compensation expense		385	265	1,134	747
Deferred income taxes		5,207	3,063	20,055	11,022
Loss on disposition		—	—	183	238
Interest expense on exchangeable units		609	599	1,827	1,784
Net change in non-cash operating activities	[19]	3,394	3,577	7,277	1,688
Cash provided by operating activities		\$27,987	\$24,611	\$71,925	\$56,054
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Deferred financing costs paid		(2,650)	(1,068)	(7,157)	(3,660)
Net proceeds on issuance of units		(158)	4	54,852	73,567
Cash paid on vesting of restricted units		(39)	(21)	(610)	(242)
Redemption of convertible debentures		—	—	—	(46,000)
Mortgage financing		113,810	53,901	257,576	168,168
Mortgages repaid on maturity		(48,852)	(19,305)	(90,277)	(67,058)
Mortgage principal repayments		(10,034)	(8,942)	(29,121)	(26,209)
Advances from credit facility		16,417	3,000	77,402	3,000
Credit facility repayments		—	—	(60,985)	—
Proceeds from construction loans		3,271	8,458	24,969	22,071
Construction loans repaid on maturity		(12,237)	—	(12,237)	(9,717)
Distributions paid to non-controlling interest		—	—	(32)	—
Distributions to unitholders		(10,505)	(10,218)	(30,466)	(26,964)
Cash provided by financing activities		\$49,023	\$25,809	\$183,914	\$86,956
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
(Increase) decrease in restricted cash		(3,949)	(1,236)	(2,854)	346
Acquisition of investment properties, net of debt assumed		(82,273)	(37,981)	(184,443)	(118,265)
Disposition of investment properties		—	—	1,460	16,616
Development of investment properties		(11,739)	(16,230)	(48,779)	(41,631)
Capital expenditures		(13,293)	(8,133)	(31,113)	(20,182)
Cash used in investing activities		(\$111,254)	(\$63,580)	(\$265,729)	(\$163,116)
Net decrease in cash		(34,244)	(13,160)	(9,890)	(20,106)
Cash, beginning of period		36,354	17,706	12,000	24,652
Cash, end of period		\$2,110	\$4,546	\$2,110	\$4,546

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)

[unaudited]

1. Organization of the Trust

Killam Apartment Real Estate Investment Trust ("Killam" or the "Trust") is an unincorporated open-ended mutual fund trust created pursuant to the amended and restated Declaration of Trust ("DOT"), dated November 27, 2015, under the laws of the Province of Ontario. Killam specializes in the acquisition, management and development of multi-residential apartment buildings and manufactured home communities ("MHCs") in Canada.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements comprise the financial statements of Killam and its subsidiaries as at and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018. Killam's head office operations are located at 3700 Kempt Road, Halifax, Nova Scotia, B3K 4X8.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

(A) Statement of Compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the IASB have been omitted or condensed.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Trust for the period ended September 30, 2018 were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Trustees of Killam on November 7, 2018.

(B) Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Killam have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investment properties, deferred unit-based compensation and Exchangeable Units, which have been measured at fair value. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and are presented in Canadian dollars, which is Killam's functional currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (\$000), except per unit amounts or as noted.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the most recently issued Annual Report of Killam, which includes information necessary or useful to understanding the Trust's business and financial statement presentation. In particular, Killam's significant accounting policies were presented in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

The operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2018, due to seasonal variations in property expenses and other factors.

(C) Adoption of Accounting Standards

Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15")

In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15, replacing IAS 18, "Revenue", IAS 11, "Construction Contracts", and related interpretations. IFRS 15 provides a comprehensive framework for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of revenue from contracts with customers, excluding contracts within the scope of the accounting standards on leases, insurance contracts and financial instruments. Killam adopted the standard on January 1, 2018 and applied the requirements of the standard retrospectively. The implementation of IFRS 15 did not have a significant impact on Killam's revenue recognition. The disclosure in accordance with IFRS 15 is included in Note 15 to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9")

In July 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9, which introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment, and hedge accounting. IFRS 9 establishes principles for the financial reporting of financial assets and financial liabilities that present relevant and useful information to users of financial statements for their assessment of the amounts, timing and uncertainty of an entity's future cash flows. IFRS 9 also introduces an expected loss impairment model for all financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") that requires recognition of expected credit losses rather than incurred losses as applied under the current standard. Killam adopted the standard retrospectively on January 1, 2018. The implementation of IFRS 9 did not have a significant impact on Killam's financial instruments.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)

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2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Share-based Payment ("IFRS 2")

The IASB issued amendments to IFRS 2, that address three main areas: the effects of vesting conditions on the measurement of a cash-settled share-based payment transaction; the classification of a share-based payment transaction with net settlement features for withholding tax obligations; and accounting where a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment transaction changes its classification from cash-settled to equity-settled. Killam adopted the amendments on January 1, 2018. As Killam's policies and practices are in line with the amendments, the adoption of the new standard did not have any impact on Killam's condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Investment Property ("IAS 40")

The IASB issued an amendment to IAS 40, *Investment Property*, that clarifies when an entity should transfer property, including property under construction or development, into or out of investment property. The amendment states that a change in use occurs when the property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property and there is evidence of the change in use. A change in management's intentions for the use of a property does not provide evidence of a change in use. Killam adopted the amendment on January 1, 2018. Killam's current policy and practice is in line with the clarification issues, the amendment therefore did not have any impact on Killam's condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

3. Future Accounting Policy Changes

The following new or amended accounting standards under IFRS have been issued or revised by the IASB; however, they are not yet effective and as such have not been applied to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Leases ("IFRS 16")

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16. The objective of the new standard is to provide financial statement users with information to assess the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from lease obligations. This standard introduces a single lessee accounting model and is effective for Killam's annual periods beginning after January 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted. To assess the impact of this new standard, Killam has formed an internal working group and continues to progress on its in-depth assessment of IFRS 16 on its consolidated financial statements. Killam does not expect a significant impact to its consolidated financial statements on adoption of this IFRS standard. Killam intends to adopt the new standard on the required effective date without restatement of the prior period comparatives.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)

[unaudited]

4. Investment Properties

As at September 30, 2018

Segment	Apartments	MHCs	Other	Investment Property Under Construction ("IPUC")	Land for Development	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$1,995,144	\$139,783	\$36,445	\$80,226	\$28,165	\$2,279,763
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	89,575	(323)	7,309	2,593	500	99,654
Acquisitions	127,970	2,070	75,816	—	25,406	231,262
Dispositions	—	—	—	—	(1,460)	(1,460)
Transfer from IPUC	28,330	—	—	(28,330)	—	—
Capital expenditure on investment properties	26,986	2,103	1,214	—	—	30,303
Capital expenditure on IPUC and land for development	—	—	—	44,044	2,161	46,205
Interest capitalized on IPUC and land for development	—	—	—	1,560	1,014	2,574
Balance, end of period	\$2,268,005	\$143,633	\$120,784	\$100,093	\$55,786	\$2,688,301

As at December 31, 2017

Segment	Apartments	MHCs	Other	IPUC	Land for Development	Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$1,721,399	\$133,634	\$32,269	\$34,611	\$20,896	\$1,942,809
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	62,380	2,922	(487)	—	—	64,815
Acquisitions	186,502	—	3,854	3,596	11,460	205,412
Dispositions	(16,616)	—	—	—	—	(16,616)
Transfer from IPUC	15,485	—	—	(9,431)	(6,054)	—
Capital expenditure on investment properties	26,959	3,227	809	—	—	30,995
Other	(965)	—	—	—	—	(965)
Capital expenditure on IPUC and land for development	—	—	—	50,060	1,271	51,331
Interest capitalized on IPUC and land for development	—	—	—	1,390	592	1,982
Balance, end of year	\$1,995,144	\$139,783	\$36,445	\$80,226	\$28,165	\$2,279,763

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, Killam acquired the following properties:

Property	Location	Acquisition Date	Ownership Interest	Property Type	Purchase Price ⁽¹⁾	
					Income-producing Properties	Land for Development
The Killick	Halifax, NS	28-Feb-18	100%	Apartment	\$33,000	—
4th Avenue Land	Calgary, AB	28-Feb-18	40%	Development land	—	\$7,200
Weber Scott Pearl	Kitchener, ON	12-Mar-18	100%	Development land	1,200	4,800
Westmount Place	Waterloo, ON	29-Mar-18	100%	Retail/office complex and development land	72,900	4,900
Mississippi Lakes	Carleton Place, ON	16-Jul-18	100%	Seasonal resort	2,000	—
Nolan Hill	Calgary, AB	25-Jul-18	10%	Development land	—	2,200
Haviland Street	Charlottetown, PE	3-Aug-18	100%	Development land	—	2,150
Erb Street	Waterloo, ON	10-Aug-18	100%	Development land	—	2,300
Harley Street	Charlottetown, PE	14-Aug-18	100%	Apartment	22,400	—
The Vibe	Edmonton, AB	27-Aug-18	100%	Apartment	47,000	—
Shorefront	Charlottetown, PE	7-Sep-18	100%	Development land	—	1,200
151 Greenbank	Ottawa, ON	26-Sep-18	100%	Apartment	20,700	—
180 Mill Street ⁽²⁾	London, ON	28-Sep-18	100%	Parking garage	2,400	—
Total Acquisitions					\$201,600	\$24,750

⁽¹⁾ Purchase price does not include transaction costs.

⁽²⁾ Parking garage attached to existing apartment building.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)

[unaudited]

4. Investment Properties (continued)

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, Killam capitalized salaries of \$0.9 million and \$2.5 million (three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 - \$0.8 million and \$2.4 million), as part of its project improvement, suite renovation and development programs. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, interest costs associated with the general corporate borrowings used to fund development were capitalized to the respective development projects using Killam's weighted average borrowing rate of 3.03% (September 30, 2017 - 2.91%). Interest costs associated with development specific loans were capitalized to the respective developments using the actual borrowing rate associated with the loan.

Investment properties with a fair value of \$2.7 billion as at September 30, 2018 (December 31, 2017 - \$2.2 billion), have been pledged as collateral against Killam's mortgages, construction loan and credit facilities.

Valuation Basis

Using the direct income capitalization method, the apartment properties were valued using cap-rates in the range of 3.75% to 8.00%, applied to a stabilized net operating income ("NOI") of \$117.0 million (December 31, 2017 - 3.75% to 8.00% and \$107.8 million), resulting in an overall weighted average cap-rate of 5.19% (December 31, 2017 - 5.37%). The stabilized occupancy rates used in the calculation of NOI were in the range of 94% to 99% (December 31, 2017 - 93.1% to 98.3%).

Using the direct income capitalization method, the MHC properties were valued using cap-rates in the range of 5.75% to 8.00%, applied to a stabilized NOI of \$9.7 million (December 31, 2017 - 5.75% to 8.00% and \$9.6 million), resulting in an overall weighted average cap-rate of 6.77% (December 31, 2017 - 6.84%). The stabilized occupancy rate used in the calculation of NOI was 97.8% (December 31, 2017 - 97.8%).

Investment property valuations are most sensitive to changes in the cap-rate. The cap-rate assumptions for the investment properties are included in the following table by region:

	September 30, 2018			December 31, 2017		
	Low	High	Effective Weighted Average	Low	High	Effective Weighted Average
Apartments	3.75%	8.00%	5.19%	3.75%	8.00%	5.37%
Halifax	4.85%	6.00%	5.30%	4.85%	6.00%	5.34%
Moncton	5.15%	7.00%	5.73%	5.15%	7.00%	5.88%
Fredericton	5.00%	6.00%	5.75%	5.15%	6.50%	5.98%
Saint John	5.75%	6.25%	6.03%	6.00%	6.75%	6.40%
St. John's	5.00%	6.00%	5.63%	5.00%	6.00%	5.63%
Charlottetown	5.25%	6.00%	5.74%	5.50%	6.25%	5.94%
Ontario	3.75%	5.08%	4.34%	3.75%	5.08%	4.55%
Alberta	4.50%	5.00%	4.75%	4.52%	5.75%	5.30%
Other Atlantic	5.75%	8.00%	6.67%	5.75%	8.00%	6.83%
MHCs	5.75%	8.00%	6.77%	5.75%	8.00%	6.84%
Ontario	6.50%	8.00%	7.34%	7.00%	8.00%	7.48%
Nova Scotia	5.75%	7.00%	6.22%	5.75%	7.00%	6.26%
New Brunswick	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%
Newfoundland	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%

The quantitative sensitivity analysis shown below illustrates the value increase or decrease in Killam's portfolio of properties given the change in the noted input:

Class of property	Capitalization rate	
	10 basis points ("bps") increase	10 basis points ("bps") decrease
Apartments	(\$42,559)	\$44,230
MHCs	(\$2,089)	\$2,151

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)

[unaudited]

5. Joint Operations and Investments in Joint Venture

Killam has interests in five properties (eight buildings), a development project and land for future development that are subject to joint control and are joint operations. Accordingly, the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position and condensed consolidated interim statements of income and comprehensive income include Killam's rights to and obligations for the related assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. As at September 30, 2018, the fair value of the investment property subject to joint control was \$270.6 million (December 31, 2017 - \$234.8 million).

6. Other Current Assets

As at	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Restricted cash	\$10,833	\$7,979
Prepaid expenses	6,176	3,163
Inventory	274	99
	\$17,283	\$11,241

Restricted cash consists of security deposits, funds held in trust and property tax reserves. Inventory relates to manufactured homes for which sales have not closed at quarter-end.

7. Mortgages and Loans Payable

As at	September 30, 2018		December 31, 2017	
	Weighted Average Interest	Debt Balance	Weighted Average Interest	Debt Balance
Mortgages and loans payable				
Fixed rate	2.94%	\$1,251,365	2.89%	\$1,070,387
Variable rate	5.17%	16,486	4.56%	12,116
Vendor financing		—	5.00%	6,004
Total		\$1,267,851		\$1,088,507
Current		199,035		136,862
Non-current		1,068,816		951,645
		\$1,267,851		\$1,088,507

Mortgages are collateralized by a first charge on the properties of Killam and vendor mortgages are collateralized by either a second charge on the property or a general corporate guarantee.

As at September 30, 2018, unamortized deferred financing costs of \$31.5 million (December 31, 2017 - \$26.0 million) and mark-to-market adjustments on mortgages assumed on acquisitions of \$0.4 million (December 31, 2017 - \$0.4 million) are netted against mortgages and loans payable.

Estimated future principal payments and maturities required to meet mortgage obligations by the 12 month period ending September 30, are as follows:

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)

[unaudited]

7. Mortgages and Loans Payable (continued)

Estimated future principal payments and maturities required to meet mortgage obligations by the 12 month period ending September 30, are as follows:

	Principal Amount	% of Total Principal
2019	\$199,035	15.3%
2020	231,572	17.8%
2021	137,874	10.6%
2022	176,596	13.6%
2023	170,851	13.2%
Subsequent to 2023	383,849	29.5%
	\$1,299,777	100%
Unamortized deferred financing costs	(31,485)	
Unamortized mark-to-market adjustments	(441)	
	\$1,267,851	

8. Credit Facilities

Killam has access to two credit facilities with credit limits of \$70.0 million and \$5.0 million (December 31, 2017 - \$70.0 million and \$1.5 million) that can be used for acquisition and general business purposes. Killam holds an accordion option to increase the \$70.0 million facility by an additional \$20.0 million.

The \$70.0 million facility bears interest at prime plus 70 bps on prime rate advances or 170 bps over bankers' acceptances ("BAs"). Killam has the right to choose between prime rate advances and BAs based on available rates and timing. As at September 30, 2018, Killam has assets with a carrying value of \$82.1 million pledged as first mortgage ranking and \$329.0 million pledged as second mortgage ranking to the line and a balance outstanding of \$16.4 million (December 31, 2017 - \$nil). The agreement includes certain covenants and undertakings with which Killam is in compliance as at September 30, 2018.

During the third quarter, Killam increased its \$1.5 million facility to \$5.0 million. This facility bears interest at prime plus 125 bps on advances and 135 bps on issuance of letters of credit in addition to 50 bps per annum. As at September 30, 2018, Killam had assets with a carrying value of \$1.8 million pledged as collateral (December 31, 2017 - \$1.8 million) and letters of credit totaling \$0.7 million outstanding against the facility (December 31, 2017 - \$1.1 million). The agreement includes certain covenants and undertakings with which Killam is in compliance as at September 30, 2018.

As at September 30, 2018	Maximum Loan Amount	Amount Drawn	Letters of Credit	Amount Available
\$70.0 million demand facility	\$70,000	\$16,417	—	\$53,583
\$5.0 million demand facility	5,000	—	719	4,281
Total	\$75,000	\$16,417	\$719	\$57,864

As at December 31, 2017	Maximum Loan Amount	Amount Drawn	Letters of Credit	Amount Available
\$70.0 million demand facility	\$70,000	—	—	\$70,000
\$1.5 million demand facility	1,500	—	1,100	400
Total	\$71,500	—	\$1,100	\$70,400

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Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)

[unaudited]

9. Construction Loans

As at September 30, 2018, Killam had access to two floating rate non-revolving demand construction loans, for the purpose of financing development projects, totaling \$79.8 million. Payments are made monthly on an interest-only basis. The construction loans have interest rates of prime plus 0.63% or 125 bps above BAs. Once construction is complete and rental targets achieved, the construction loans will be repaid in full and replaced with conventional mortgages. The underlying assets are pledged as collateral against these loans.

As at September 30, 2018, \$53.8 million was drawn on the construction loans (December 31, 2017 - \$41.0 million on three non-revolving demand construction loans). The weighted-average interest rate was 4.07% (December 31, 2017 - 3.83%).

10. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

As at	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$35,131	\$25,431
Distributions payable	4,778	4,388
Mortgage interest payable	2,724	2,343
Security deposits	8,064	6,968
	\$50,697	\$39,130

11. Exchangeable Units

	Number of Exchangeable Units	Value
Balance, December 31, 2017	3,863,336	\$54,937
Exchangeable units exchanged	(70,250)	(1,054)
Fair value adjustment	—	7,299
Balance, September 30, 2018	3,793,086	\$61,182

The exchangeable units are non-transferable, but are exchangeable, on a one-for-one basis, into Killam trust units at any time at the option of the holder. Prior to such exchange, distributions will be made on these exchangeable units in an amount equivalent to the distributions that would have been made had the units been exchanged for Killam trust units.

12. Unitholders' Equity

By virtue of Killam being an open-ended mutual fund trust, unitholders of trust units are entitled to redeem their trust units at any time at prices determined and payable in accordance with the conditions specified in Killam's DOT. As a result, under IFRS, trust units are defined as financial liabilities; however, for the purposes of financial statement classification and presentation, the trust units may be presented as equity instruments as they meet the puttable instrument exemption under IAS 32.

All trust units outstanding are fully paid, have no par value and are voting trust units. The DOT authorizes the issuance of an unlimited number of trust units. Trust units represent a unitholder's proportionate undivided beneficial interest in Killam. No trust unit has any preference or priority over another. No unitholder has or is deemed to have any right of ownership in any of the assets of Killam. Each unit confers the right to one vote at any meeting of unitholders and to participate pro rata in any distributions and, on liquidation to a pro rata share of the residual net assets remaining after preferential claims thereon of debtholders.

Unitholders have the right to redeem their units at the lesser of (i) 90% of the market price of the trust unit (market price is defined as the weighted average trading price of the previous 10 trading days) and (ii) the most recent closing market price (closing market price is defined as the weighted average trading price on the specified date) at the time of the redemption. The redemption price will be satisfied by cash, up to a limit of \$50 thousand for all redemptions in a calendar month, or a note payable. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, no unitholders redeemed units.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

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12. Unitholders' Equity (continued)

The units issued and outstanding are as follows:

	Number of Trust Units	Value
Balance, December 31, 2017	80,565,279	\$718,858
Distribution reinvestment plan	737,933	10,722
Restricted trust units redeemed	48,066	327
Units issued on exchange of exchangeable units	70,250	1,054
Units issued for cash	3,846,750	54,852
Balance, September 30, 2018	85,268,278	\$785,813

Equity Raise

On June 26, 2018, Killam closed its public offering of 3,846,750 trust units, at a price of \$14.95, for gross proceeds of \$57.5 million.

Distribution Reinvestment Plan ("DRIP")

Killam's DRIP allows unitholders to acquire additional units of the Trust through the reinvestment of distributions on their units. Unitholders who participate in the DRIP receive additional units equal to 3% of the units reinvested. Units issued with the DRIP are issued directly from the Trust at a price based on the 10-day volume weighted average closing price of the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") preceding the relevant distribution date, which typically is on or about the 15th day of the month following the distribution declaration.

13. Distributions

Killam paid distributions to its unitholders during 2018 in accordance with its DOT. Distributions declared by the Board of Trustees were paid monthly, on or about the 15th day of each month.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, the distributions declared related to the trust units were \$13.7 million and \$39.8 million (three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 - \$11.7 million and \$34.0 million). For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, distributions declared related to the exchangeable units were \$0.6 million and \$1.8 million (three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 - \$0.6 million and \$1.8 million). The distributions on the exchangeable units are recorded in financing costs.

14. Deferred Unit-based Compensation

Restricted Trust Units ("RTUs") are awarded to members of the senior executive team and director-level employees as a percentage of their compensation. The Trust also grants RTUs subject to performance conditions under the RTU Plan for certain senior executives. Non-executive members of the Board of Trustees have the right to receive a percentage of their annual retainer in the form of RTUs.

The number of RTUs awarded are based on the volume weighted average price of all trust units traded on the TSX for the five trading days immediately preceding the date on which the compensation is awarded. The RTUs earn distributions based on the same distributions paid on the trust units, and such distributions translate into additional RTUs. The initial RTUs, and RTUs acquired through distribution reinvestment, are credited to each person's account and are not issued to the employee or Board member until they redeem such RTUs. For employees, the RTUs will be redeemed and paid out in trust units by December 31 of the year in which the RTUs have vested. Effective Q3-2017, RTUs issued to Trustees will be redeemed and paid, in the issuance of trust units, upon retirement from the Board.

The RTUs subject to performance conditions will be subject to both internal and external measures consisting of both absolute and relative performance over a three-year period. Killam accounts for the RTUs subject to performance conditions under the fair value method of accounting, and uses the Monte-Carlo simulation pricing model to determine the fair value, which allows for the incorporation of the market based performance hurdles that must be met before the RTUs subject to performance conditions vest. Pursuant to IFRS, compensation costs related to awards with a market-based condition are recognized regardless

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14. Deferred Unit-based Compensation (continued)

of whether the market condition is satisfied, provided that the requisite service has been provided and all performance conditions have been satisfied.

The RTUs are considered a financial liability because there is a contractual obligation for the Trust to deliver trust units (which are accounted for as liabilities, but presented as equity instruments under IAS 32) upon conversion of the RTUs. The RTUs are measured at fair value with changes flowing through the condensed consolidated interim statements of income and comprehensive income. The fair value of the vested RTUs as at September 30, 2018, is \$5.4 million, which includes \$0.5 million related to RTUs subject to performance conditions (September 30, 2017 - \$4.5 million and \$0.1 million). For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, compensation expense of \$0.4 million and \$1.1 million (three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 - \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million) has been recognized in respect of the RTUs.

The details of the RTUs issued are shown below:

For the nine months ended September 30,	2018		2017	
	Number of RTUs	Weighted Average Issue Price	Number of RTUs	Weighted Average Issue Price
Outstanding, beginning of period	432,688	\$12.09	263,736	\$10.78
Granted	124,091	13.10	238,329	12.77
Redeemed	(92,365)	10.83	(50,470)	10.69
Forfeited	(2,380)	12.83	—	—
Additional restricted trust unit distributions	15,739	14.49	12,821	12.54
Outstanding, end of period	477,773	\$12.67	464,416	\$11.94

15. Revenue

In accordance with the adoption of IFRS 15, Management has evaluated the lease and non-lease components of its revenue and has determined the following allocation:

	For the three months ended September 30,		For the nine months ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Rental Revenue	\$39,427	\$34,502	\$112,122	\$98,547
Property Management Recoveries	13,328	11,663	37,901	33,311
Ancillary Revenue ⁽¹⁾	2,777	2,430	7,896	6,940
	\$55,532	\$48,595	\$157,919	\$138,798

⁽¹⁾ Ancillary revenue consists of parking, laundry and other revenue.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)

[unaudited]

16. Financing Costs

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Mortgage, loan and construction loan interest	\$9,666	\$8,156	\$27,465	\$24,090
Interest on credit facilities	94	—	556	—
Interest on exchangeable units	609	599	1,826	1,784
Amortization of fair value adjustments on assumed debt	28	7	67	(224)
Amortization of loss on interest rate hedge	7	15	37	45
Unrealized gain on derivative asset	(86)	(206)	(116)	(327)
Convertible debenture interest	—	—	—	715
Capitalized interest	(908)	(550)	(2,544)	(1,273)
	\$9,410	\$8,021	\$27,291	\$24,810

17. Deferred Income Tax

Trusts that satisfy the REIT Exemption are excluded from the specified investment flow-through ("SIFT") definition and therefore will not be subject to taxation under the SIFT Rules. Effective December 31, 2017, Killam qualified for the REIT Exemption and continues to meet the REIT Exemption as at September 30, 2018, and is therefore not subject to taxation to the extent that income is distributed to unitholders. However, this exemption does not extend to the corporate subsidiaries of Killam that are taxable legal entities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the deferred tax expense relates to the corporate subsidiary entity of the REIT.

18. Segmented Information

For investment properties, discrete financial information is provided on a property-by-property basis to members of executive management, which collectively comprise the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). The individual properties are aggregated into segments with similar economic characteristics such as the nature of the property, vacancy rates, long-term growth rates and other characteristics. Management considers that this is best achieved by aggregating into apartments, MHC and other segments. Consequently, Killam is considered to have three reportable segments, as follows:

- Apartment segment - acquires, operates, manages and develops multi-family residential properties across Canada;
- MHC segment - acquires and operates MHC communities in Ontario and Eastern Canada; and
- Other segment - includes six commercial properties.

Killam's administration costs, other income, financing costs, depreciation and amortization, fair value adjustments, loss on disposition and deferred tax expense are not reported to the CODM on a segment basis.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

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[unaudited]

18. Segmented Information (continued)

The accounting policies of these reportable segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies described in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017. Reportable segment performance is analyzed based on NOI. The operating results, and assets and liabilities, of the reportable segments are as follows:

Three months ended September 30, 2018	Apartments	MHCs	Other	Total
Property revenue	\$47,363	\$5,239	\$2,930	\$55,532
Property operating expenses	(15,986)	(1,768)	(1,294)	(19,048)
Net operating income	\$31,377	\$3,471	\$1,636	\$36,484

Three months ended September 30, 2017	Apartments	MHCs	Other	Total
Property revenue	\$42,555	\$4,892	\$1,148	\$48,595
Property operating expenses	(14,598)	(1,644)	(607)	(16,849)
Net operating income	\$27,957	\$3,248	\$541	\$31,746

Nine months ended September 30, 2018	Apartments	MHCs	Other	Total
Property revenue	\$138,671	\$12,281	\$6,967	\$157,919
Property operating expenses	(51,277)	(4,486)	(3,333)	(59,096)
Net operating income	\$87,394	\$7,795	\$3,634	\$98,823

Nine months ended September 30, 2017	Apartments	MHCs	Other	Total
Property revenue	\$123,682	\$11,700	\$3,416	\$138,798
Property operating expenses	(47,008)	(4,299)	(2,018)	(53,325)
Net operating income	\$76,674	\$7,401	\$1,398	\$85,473

As at September 30, 2018	Apartments	MHCs	Other	Total
Total assets	\$2,400,590	\$165,251	\$151,941	\$2,717,782
Total liabilities	\$1,402,732	\$79,826	\$109,408	\$1,591,966

As at December 31, 2017	Apartments	MHCs	Other	Total
Total assets	\$2,108,686	\$154,549	\$47,975	\$2,311,210
Total liabilities	\$1,165,017	\$89,510	\$88,961	\$1,343,488

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)

[unaudited]

19. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Net income items related to investing and financing activities				
Interest paid on mortgages payable and other	\$9,851	\$8,252	\$28,496	\$24,015
Interest paid on convertible debentures	—	—	—	715
	\$9,851	\$8,252	\$28,496	\$24,730
Net change in non-cash operating assets and liabilities				
Rent and other receivables	(\$584)	\$45	(\$1,649)	(\$756)
Other current assets	4,119	3,715	(3,189)	(1,573)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(141)	(183)	12,115	4,017
	\$3,394	\$3,577	\$7,277	\$1,688

20. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

Killam's principal financial liabilities consist of mortgages, credit facilities, construction loans and trade payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance investment properties and operations. Killam has various financial assets, such as tenant receivables and cash, which arise directly from its operations.

Killam may enter into derivative transactions, primarily interest rate swap contracts to manage interest rate risk arising from fluctuations in bond yields, as well as natural gas and oil swap contracts to manage price risk arising from fluctuations in these commodities. It is, and has been, Killam's policy that no speculative trading in derivatives shall be undertaken. The main risks arising from Killam's financial instruments are interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. These risks are managed as follows:

(i) Interest Rate Risk

Killam is exposed to interest rate risk as a result of its mortgages and loans payable; however, this risk is mitigated through Management's strategy to structure the majority of its mortgages in fixed-term arrangements, as well as, at times, entering into cash flow hedges. Killam also structures its financings so as to stagger the maturities of its debt, minimizing the exposure to interest rate volatility in any one year.

As at September 30, 2018, \$86.7 million of Killam's debt had variable interest rates, including two construction loans for \$53.8 million, a credit facility balance of \$16.4 million and six demand loans totaling \$16.5 million. These loans and facilities have interest rates of prime plus 0.63% - 2.0% or 125 bps above BAs (December 31, 2017 - prime plus 0.63% - 2.0%) and consequently, Killam is exposed to short-term interest rate risk on these loans.

Killam's fixed mortgage and vendor debt, which matures in the next 12 months, totals \$146.0 million. Assuming these mortgages are refinanced at similar terms, except at a 100 bps increase in interest rates, financing costs would increase by \$1.5 million per year.

(ii) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that tenants may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their lease term commitments. Killam mitigates the risk of credit loss through the diversification of its existing portfolio and limiting its exposure to any one tenant.

Credit assessments are conducted for all prospective tenants and Killam also obtains a security deposit to assist in potential recoveries. In addition, receivables balances are monitored on an ongoing basis. Killam's bad debt expense experience has historically been less than 0.4% of revenue. None of Killam's tenants account for more than 3% of the tenant receivables as at September 30, 2018 or 2017. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amount of each class of financial assets as disclosed in this note.

(iii) Liquidity Risk

Management manages Killam's cash resources based on financial forecasts and anticipated cash flows. Killam structures its financing so as to stagger the maturities of its debt, thereby minimizing Killam's exposure to liquidity risk in any one year. In addition, Killam's apartments qualify for Canadian Mortgage and Housing Corporation ("CMHC") insured debt, reducing the refinancing risk upon mortgage maturities.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

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[unaudited]

20. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

Killam's MHCs do not qualify for CMHC insured debt; however, MHCs have access to conventional mortgage debt. Management does not anticipate liquidity concerns on the maturity of its mortgages as funds continue to be accessible in the multi-residential sector.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, Killam refinanced \$73.0 million of maturing apartment mortgages with new mortgages totaling \$99.6 million generating net proceeds of \$26.6 million. As well, Killam refinanced \$8.8 million of maturing MHC mortgages with new mortgages totaling \$15.1 million for net proceeds of \$6.3 million. The following table presents the principal payments (excluding interest) and maturities of Killam's liabilities for the next five years and thereafter:

For the twelve months ending September 30,	Mortgage and loans payable	Construction loans	Credit facilities	Total
2019	\$199,035	\$53,778	\$16,417	\$269,230
2020	231,572	—	—	231,572
2021	137,874	—	—	137,874
2022	176,596	—	—	176,596
2023	170,851	—	—	170,851
Thereafter	383,849	—	—	383,849
	\$1,299,777	\$53,778	16,417	\$1,369,972

Capital Management

The primary objective of Killam's capital management is to ensure a healthy capital structure to support the business and maximize unitholder value. Killam manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, Killam may adjust the distribution payment to unitholders, issue additional units, issue debt securities or adjust mortgage financing on properties.

Killam's primary measure of capital management is the total debt to total assets ratio. Killam's strategy, as outlined in the operating policies of its DOT, is for its overall indebtedness not to exceed 70% of total assets. However, Killam's long-term target is to manage overall indebtedness to be below 50%. The calculation of the total debt to total assets is summarized as follows

As at	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Total debt ⁽¹⁾	\$1,316,824	\$1,115,149
Total assets ⁽¹⁾	\$2,681,744	\$2,288,445
Total debt as a percentage of total assets	49.1%	48.7%

(1) Total assets adjusted for Killam's 50% interest in The Alexander development - \$36.0 million (December 31, 2017 - \$22.8 million). Total mortgages, loans payables and construction loans adjusted for Killam's non-controlling interest related to The Alexander - \$21.2 million (December 31, 2017 - \$14.4 million).

The above calculation is sensitive to changes in the fair value of investment properties, in particular, cap-rate changes. A 10 bps increase in the weighted average cap-rate as at September 30, 2018, would increase the debt as a percentage of assets by 80 bps.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is the amount that would be received in the sale of an asset or would be paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities is determined by discounting the contractual principal and interest payments at estimated current market interest rates for the instrument. Current market rates are determined by reference to current benchmark rates for similar term and current credit spreads for debt with similar terms and risks. The fair values of the Trust's financial instruments were determined as follows:

(i) the fair values of the mortgages payable are estimated based upon discounted future cash flows using discount rates that reflect current market conditions for instruments with similar terms and risks. Such fair value estimates are not necessarily indicative of the amounts Killam might pay or receive in actual market transactions;

(ii) the fair value of the deferred unit-based compensation and the exchangeable units is estimated at the reporting date, based on the closing market price of the trust units listed on the TSX. The performance based RTUs are determined using a pricing model. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in estimates could significantly affect fair values;

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20. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

(iii) the fair value of the derivative asset is calculated based on an estimate of the mid-market arbitrage-free price of the swap. The arbitrage-free price comprises the present value of the future rights and obligations between two parties to receive or deliver future cash flows or exchange other assets or liabilities. Future obligations are valued as the sum of the present values as of the valuation date of contractually fixed future amounts and expected variable future amounts, the expected size of which is calculated from the projected levels of underlying variables. Future rights are valued as the sum of the present values of the expected values of contingent future amounts, the existence and size of which are calculated from the projected levels of underlying variables.

The significant financial instruments and their carrying values as at September 30, 2018, and December 31, 2017, are as follows:

As at Classification	September 30, 2018		December 31, 2017	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial assets carried at FVTPL:				
Derivative asset ⁽¹⁾	\$775	\$775	\$659	\$659
Financial liabilities carried at amortized cost:				
Mortgages payable	\$1,267,851	\$1,279,654	\$1,088,507	\$1,119,922
Financial liabilities carried at FVTPL:				
Exchangeable units	\$61,182	\$61,182	\$54,937	\$54,937
Deferred unit-based compensation	\$5,370	\$5,370	\$4,501	\$4,501

(1) The \$0.8 million derivative asset is included in other non-current assets within the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position.

The interest rates used to discount the estimated cash flows, when applicable, are based on the five-year government yield curve at the reporting date, plus an adequate credit spread, and were as follows:

As at	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017
Mortgages - Apartments	3.22%	2.82%
Mortgages - MHCs	5.02%	4.52%

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value

Fair value measurements recognized in the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position are categorized using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs used in determining the fair values:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities or valuation techniques where significant inputs are based on observable market data.

Level 3: Valuation techniques for which any significant input is not based on observable market data.

The fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position is as follows:

As at	September 30, 2018			December 31, 2017		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets						
Investment properties	—	—	\$2,688,301	—	—	\$2,279,763
Derivative asset	—	\$775	—	—	\$659	—
Liabilities						
Exchangeable units	—	\$61,182	—	—	\$54,937	—
Deferred unit-based compensation	—	\$4,840	\$530	—	\$4,351	\$150

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

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20. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

Transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy are recognized on the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no transfers of assets or liabilities between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

21. Commitments and Contingencies

Killam has entered into commitments for development costs of \$8.4 million as at September 30, 2018 (December 31, 2017 - \$25.8 million).

Killam is subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. These matters are generally covered by insurance. Management believes that the final outcome of such matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations or liquidity of Killam. However, actual outcomes may differ from Management's expectations.

Killam and its 50% partner are developing a 240-unit building. The cost to develop is approximately \$83.1 million. At the completion of construction and following the achievement of certain leasing conditions, Killam has a commitment in place to purchase the other 50% interest in this development.

Killam owns a 10% interest in a development project in Calgary, Alberta. At the completion of construction and the achievement of certain conditions, Killam has a commitment in place to purchase three four-storey apartment buildings containing 233 residential units.

Killam entered into a physical supply contract for natural gas to hedge its own usage, which is summarized below:

Area	Usage Coverage	Term	Cost
Ontario	41%	November 1, 2017 - October 31, 2018	\$0.1059/m3
Ontario	14%	December 1, 2017 - November 30, 2018	\$0.1059/m3
Ontario	45%	December 1, 2017 - November 30, 2018	\$0.1439/m3

22. Financial Guarantees

Killam is the guarantor on a joint and several basis for mortgage debt held through its joint operations. As at September 30, 2018, the maximum potential obligation resulting from these guarantees is \$129.2 million (at 100%), related to long-term mortgage financing (December 31, 2017 - \$119.9 million). These loans are secured by a first ranking mortgage over the associated investment properties. Killam's portion of the total mortgages for these properties are recorded as a mortgage liability on the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position. Killam is also the guarantor on a joint and several basis for the construction loan related to The Alexander development project. As at September 30, 2018, the maximum potential obligation resulting from this guarantee is \$21.2 million (December 31, 2017 - \$14.4 million).

Management has reviewed the contingent liability associated with its financial guarantee contracts and, as at September 30, 2018, determined that a provision is not required to be recognized in the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position (December 31, 2017 - \$nil).

23. Related Party Transactions

Halkirk Properties Limited ("Halkirk") is a company that is partially owned by a Trustee of Killam. Since 2016, Killam and Halkirk have been developing a 240-unit building adjacent to the Brewery Market in Halifax, Nova Scotia with a total development budget of \$83.1 million. Construction of the development is managed by Killam and the cost of construction is funded 50/50 by each partner. Killam has a commitment in place to purchase the other 50% interest in this development. The building reached substantial completion in October 2018.

On September 10, 2018, Killam acquired a 1.2-acre development site in Charlottetown, PE for \$1.2 million. Killam has entered into a construction management agreement with APM Construction, a company owned by a Trustee of Killam, to provide construction services and APM Construction will be paid a market rate development and construction management fee.

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24. Subsequent Events

On October 1, 2018, Killam acquired a 158-unit property located in Calgary, Alberta. The purchase price of \$39.0 million was funded with a \$28.5 million mortgage.

On October 15, 2018, Killam acquired an 8-unit apartment building, adjacent to Westmount Place, in Waterloo, ON for \$2.9 million.

On October 17, 2018, Killam announced a distribution of \$0.05333 per unit, payable on November 15, 2018, to unitholders of record on October 31, 2018.

On October 22, 2018, Killam acquired a 123-site MHC property located in New Minas, NS for \$2.7 million.