



**Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements [unaudited]
For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021**

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position

*In thousands of Canadian dollars,
[unaudited]*

	Note	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Investment properties	[3]	\$4,791,170	\$4,540,877
Property and equipment		8,229	7,931
Other non-current assets	[6]	4,400	4,375
		\$4,803,799	\$4,553,183
Current assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$8,854	\$6,484
Rent and other receivables		7,844	7,768
Residential Inventory	[4]	4,886	212
Other current assets	[6]	19,891	10,860
		41,475	25,324
TOTAL ASSETS		\$4,845,274	\$4,578,507
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Unitholders' equity	[12]	\$2,306,367	\$2,111,327
Non-controlling interest		154	142
Total Equity		\$2,306,521	\$2,111,469
Non-current liabilities			
Mortgages and loans payable	[7]	\$1,647,306	\$1,678,391
Lease liabilities		9,616	9,604
Exchangeable Units	[11]	68,673	94,461
Deferred income tax	[17]	242,899	227,004
Deferred unit-based compensation	[14]	3,322	6,376
Other non-current liabilities		—	20
		\$1,971,816	\$2,015,856
Current liabilities			
Mortgages and loans payable	[7]	290,129	236,943
Credit facilities	[8]	99,628	61,730
Construction loans	[9]	105,285	77,596
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	[10]	71,895	74,913
		566,937	451,182
Total Liabilities		\$2,538,753	\$2,467,038
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		\$4,845,274	\$4,578,507
Commitments and contingencies	[22]		
Financial guarantees	[23]		

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Board of Trustees

(signed) "Karine L. MacIndoe"
Trustee

(signed) "Philip D. Fraser"
Trustee

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income

*In thousands of Canadian dollars,
[unaudited]*

		Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
Property revenue	[15]	\$81,548	\$70,300	\$159,012	\$137,674
Property operating expenses					
Operating expenses		(12,758)	(11,221)	(24,976)	(22,459)
Utility and fuel expenses		(7,540)	(5,964)	(17,233)	(13,223)
Property taxes		(9,565)	(8,519)	(19,855)	(17,133)
		(29,863)	(25,704)	(62,064)	(52,815)
Net operating income		\$51,685	\$44,596	\$96,948	\$84,859
Other income		507	267	886	504
Financing costs	[16]	(14,572)	(12,359)	(27,841)	(24,706)
Depreciation		(134)	(139)	(273)	(271)
Administration		(4,150)	(3,720)	(8,415)	(7,375)
Fair value adjustment on unit-based compensation	[14]	921	(391)	2,005	(602)
Fair value adjustment on Exchangeable Units	[11]	17,098	(7,071)	25,787	(12,813)
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	[3]	27,554	134,076	55,542	147,885
Income before income taxes		78,909	155,259	144,639	187,481
Deferred tax expense	[17]	(10,193)	(18,587)	(15,896)	(23,387)
Net income and comprehensive income		\$68,716	\$136,672	\$128,743	\$164,094
Comprehensive income		\$68,716	\$136,672	\$128,743	\$164,094
Net income attributable to:					
Unitholders		68,712	136,669	128,735	164,089
Non-controlling interest		4	3	8	5
		\$68,716	\$136,672	\$128,743	\$164,094
Comprehensive income attributable to:					
Unitholders		68,712	136,669	128,735	164,089
Non-controlling interest		4	3	8	5
		\$68,716	\$136,672	\$128,743	\$164,094

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity

*In thousands of Canadian dollars,
[unaudited]*

Six months ended June 30, 2022	Trust Units	Contributed Surplus	Retained Earnings	Non-controlling Interest	Total Equity
As at January 1, 2022	\$1,230,307	\$795	\$880,225	\$142	\$2,111,469
Distribution reinvestment plan	12,493	—	—	—	12,493
Deferred Unit-based compensation	752	—	—	—	752
Issued for cash	93,628	—	—	—	93,628
Net income	—	—	128,735	8	128,743
Contributions from non-controlling interest	—	—	—	4	4
Distributions declared and paid	—	—	(33,747)	—	(33,747)
Distributions payable	—	—	(6,821)	—	(6,821)
As at June 30, 2022	\$1,337,180	\$795	\$968,392	\$154	\$2,306,521

Six months ended June 30, 2021	Trust Units	Contributed Surplus	Retained Earnings	Non-controlling Interest	Total Equity
As at January 1, 2021	\$1,097,713	\$795	\$669,621	\$129	\$1,768,258
Exchange of Exchangeable Units	1,823	—	—	—	1,823
Distribution reinvestment plan	11,851	—	—	—	11,851
Deferred Unit-based compensation	945	—	—	—	945
Issued for cash	104,361	—	—	—	104,361
Net income	—	—	164,089	5	164,094
Distributions declared and paid	—	—	(29,990)	—	(29,990)
Distributions payable	—	—	(6,296)	—	(6,296)
As at June 30, 2021	\$1,216,693	\$795	\$797,424	\$134	\$2,015,046

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows

*In thousands of Canadian dollars,
[unaudited]*

	Note	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net income		\$68,716	\$136,672	\$128,743	\$164,094
Add (deduct) items not affecting cash					
Fair value adjustments		(45,573)	(126,614)	(83,334)	(134,470)
Depreciation		134	139	273	271
Amortization of deferred financing		910	877	1,770	1,754
Non-cash compensation expense		438	515	1,084	1,007
Deferred income taxes		10,193	18,587	15,896	23,387
Amortization of fair value adjustments on assumed mortgages		20	12	40	24
Gain on derivative liability		(62)	(40)	(170)	(80)
Interest expense on Exchangeable Units		701	681	1,402	1,378
Straight-line rent		(12)	(89)	(144)	(220)
Interest expense on lease liability		97	97	195	193
Net change in non-cash operating activities	[19]	(11,375)	(5,000)	(17,802)	(3,746)
Cash provided by operating activities		\$24,187	\$25,837	\$47,953	\$53,592
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Deferred financing costs paid		(609)	(638)	(3,503)	(1,573)
Net proceeds on issuance of Units		—	104,361	93,628	104,361
Cash paid on redemption of restricted Units		(190)	(78)	(1,266)	(1,417)
Cash paid on lease liabilities		(82)	(80)	(164)	(159)
Mortgage financing		100,300	157,222	159,086	223,097
Mortgages repaid		(76,548)	(8,966)	(117,198)	(15,680)
Mortgage principal repayments		(17,060)	(14,964)	(34,183)	(29,606)
Credit facility proceeds (repayments)		86,102	(14,589)	37,898	22,995
Proceeds from construction loans		13,937	12,363	27,689	29,358
Construction loan repayments		—	—	—	(11,581)
Contributions from non-controlling interest		—	—	4	—
Distributions to Unitholders		(15,026)	(12,812)	(29,153)	(25,418)
Cash provided by financing activities		\$90,824	\$221,819	\$132,838	\$294,377
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Increase in restricted cash		1,978	2,282	1,055	1,233
Acquisition of investment properties, net of debt		(70,886)	(212,510)	(100,820)	(279,774)
Repayment (advance) on loan receivable		225	(4,375)	225	(4,375)
Development of investment properties		(25,735)	(18,375)	(45,756)	(37,475)
Capital expenditures		(20,967)	(13,836)	(33,125)	(25,379)
Cash used in investing activities		(\$115,385)	(\$246,814)	(\$178,421)	(\$345,770)
Net (decrease) increase in cash		(374)	842	2,370	2,199
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of period		9,228	8,968	6,484	7,611
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of period		\$8,854	\$9,810	\$8,854	\$9,810

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)
[unaudited]

1. Organization of the Trust

Killam Apartment Real Estate Investment Trust ("Killam" or the "Trust") is an unincorporated open-ended mutual fund trust created pursuant to the amended and restated Declaration of Trust ("DOT"), dated November 27, 2015, under the laws of the Province of Ontario. Killam specializes in the acquisition, management and development of multi-residential apartment buildings, manufactured home communities ("MHCs") and commercial properties in Canada.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements comprise the financial statements of Killam and its subsidiaries as at and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022. Killam's head office operations are located at 3700 Kempt Road, Halifax, Nova Scotia, B3K 4X8.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

(A) Statement of Compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the IASB have been omitted or condensed.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Trust for the period ended June 30, 2022 were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Trustees of Killam on August 10, 2022.

(B) Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Killam have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investment properties, deferred unit-based compensation, a derivative liability and Exchangeable Units, which have been measured at fair value. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and are presented in Canadian dollars, which is Killam's functional currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (\$000), except per unit amounts or as noted.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the most recently issued consolidated financial statements, which includes information necessary or useful to understanding the Trust's business and financial statement presentation. In particular, Killam's significant accounting policies were presented in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021, and have been consistently applied in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, in addition to the following:

IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows - Demand Deposits with Restrictions on Use

In April 2022, the IFRS Interpretations Committee (the Committee) reached a conclusion on whether an entity includes a demand deposit as a component on cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows and financial position when the demand deposit is subject to contractual restrictions on use agreed with a third party. The Committee concluded that restrictions on the use of a demand deposit arising from a contract with a third party does not result in the deposit no longer being cash, unless those restrictions change the nature of the deposit in a way that it would no longer meet the definition of cash in IAS 7. The conclusion is applied in Killam's statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022 and the comparative period and the statement of cash flows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, with a change in presentation of cash and cash equivalents and other current assets.

The operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2022, due to seasonal variations in property expenses and other factors.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared considering the impact that the spread of COVID-19 has and continues to have on local, national and worldwide economies. Killam has considered the economic outlook that may be experienced as a result of this virus and the related economic recovery from the pandemic, on its tenants, suppliers and lenders. Killam has also considered the current inflationary economic environment, impact of rising interest rates and potential for government intervention and how increased uncertainty could impact the valuation of investment properties. Killam has used the best information available as at June 30, 2022, in determining its estimates and the assumptions that affect the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, and earnings for the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Killam considers the estimates that could be most significantly impacted by COVID-19 to include those underlying the valuation of investment properties and the estimated credit losses on accounts receivable.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)

[unaudited]

3. Investment Properties

As at June 30, 2022

	Apartments	MHCs	Commercial	IPUC	Land for Development	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$3,897,354	\$231,370	\$155,306	\$201,319	\$55,528	\$4,540,877
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	52,397	(666)	(1,818)	5,629	—	55,542
Acquisitions	110,431	—	3,960	—	4,000	118,391
Transfer from IPUC	125,411	—	—	(125,411)	—	—
Capital expenditures	29,052	2,055	2,142	43,426	1,086	77,761
Transfer from land for development	1,394	—	—	21,710	(23,104)	—
Transfer to residential inventory	—	—	—	(3,073)	—	(3,073)
Interest capitalized on IPUC and land for development	—	—	—	1,195	477	1,672
Balance, end of period	\$4,216,039	\$232,759	\$159,590	\$144,795	\$37,987	\$4,791,170

As at December 31, 2021

	Apartments	MHCs	Commercial	IPUC	Land for Development	Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$3,218,369	\$212,699	\$139,130	\$128,100	\$43,620	\$3,741,918
Fair value adjustment on investment properties	210,829	12,844	2,937	11,097	—	237,707
Acquisitions	382,129	404	10,495	—	13,315	406,343
Transfer from IPUC	17,254	—	—	(17,254)	—	—
Capital expenditures	68,773	5,423	2,744	73,005	1,905	151,850
Transfer from land for development	—	—	—	4,132	(4,132)	—
Interest capitalized on IPUC and land for development	—	—	—	2,239	820	3,059
Balance, end of year	\$3,897,354	\$231,370	\$155,306	\$201,319	\$55,528	\$4,540,877

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, Killam acquired the following properties:

Property	Location	Acquisition Date	Ownership Interest	Property Type	Units	Purchase Price ⁽¹⁾
1477 & 1479 Carlton Street	Halifax, NS	16-Feb-22	100%	Apartment	4	\$3,500
510-516 Quiet Place	Waterloo, ON	7-Mar-22	100%	Apartment	24	7,900
150 Wissler Road ⁽²⁾	Waterloo, ON	17-Mar-22	100%	Commercial/Development Land	—	3,850
Craigflower House	Victoria, BC	31-Mar-22	100%	Apartment	49	14,000
1358 & 1360 Hollis Street	Halifax, NS	03-Apr-22	100%	Apartment	27	6,200
665 & 671 Woolwich Street ⁽³⁾	Guelph, ON	29-Apr-22	100%	Apartment/Development Land	84	25,000
621 Crown Isle Blvd	Courtenay, BC	18-May-22	100%	Apartment	56	21,900
1876 & 1849 Riverside Lane	Courtenay, BC	18-May-22	100%	Apartment	94	33,700
Total Acquisitions						\$116,050

⁽¹⁾ Purchase price does not include transaction costs.

⁽²⁾ Property has in-place income acquired for future development potential located adjacent to Killam's Northfield Gardens complex in Waterloo.

⁽³⁾ Property includes an existing 84-unit apartment building and an adjacent parcel of land for future development potential.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, Killam capitalized salaries of \$1.6 million and \$2.9 million (three and six months ended June 30, 2021 - \$1.0 million and \$2.0 million), as part of its project improvement, suite renovation and development programs. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, interest costs associated with the general corporate borrowings used to fund development were capitalized to the respective development projects using Killam's weighted average borrowing rate of 2.68% (June 30, 2021 - 2.61%). Interest costs associated with development specific loans were capitalized to the respective developments using the actual borrowing rate associated with the loan.

Investment properties with a fair value of \$4.6 billion as at June 30, 2022 (December 31, 2021 - \$4.3 billion), have been pledged as collateral against Killam's mortgages, construction loan and credit facilities.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)

[unaudited]

3. Investment Properties (continued)

Valuation Basis

Using the direct income capitalization method, the apartment properties were valued using cap-rates in the range of 3.00% to 7.00%, applied to a stabilized net operating income ("SNOI") of \$181.0 million (December 31, 2021 - 3.00% to 7.00% and \$172.4 million), resulting in an overall weighted average effective cap-rate of 4.38% (December 31, 2021 - 4.41%). The stabilized occupancy rates used in the calculation of SNOI were in the range of 94.0% to 99.0% (December 31, 2021 - 94.0% to 99.0%). Using the direct income capitalization method, the MHC properties were valued using cap-rates in the range of 5.0% to 6.5%, applied to a SNOI of \$12.5 million (December 31, 2021 - 5.0% to 6.5% and \$12.5 million), resulting in an overall weighted average effective cap-rate of 5.59% (December 31, 2021 - 5.59%). The stabilized occupancy rate used in the calculation of SNOI was 97.9% (December 31, 2021 - 97.8%).

The commercial properties were valued using the discounted cash flow (DCF) method, fair value is estimated using assumptions regarding benefits and liabilities of ownership over the asset's life, including a terminal value. This method involves the projection of stabilized cash flows on each individual property, with market derived discount rates and terminal capitalization rates applied to the stabilized cash flow to establish the present value of the income stream associated with the asset. Using a discounted cash flow model, the stabilized commercial properties were valued using key inputs determined by management based on review of asset performance and comparable assets in relevant markets. The weighted average discount rate applied in the period was 7.67% (December 31, 2021 - 7.48%).

Killam reviewed its valuation of investment properties in light of higher inflation and increased borrowing costs as at June 30, 2022. It is not possible to forecast with certainty the duration and full scope of the economic impact of COVID-19, current inflationary pressures and other consequential changes on Killam's business and operations, both in the short-term and in the long-term. In the long-term scenario the aspects which could be impacted include rental rates, occupancy, expense growth and cap-rates which would impact the underlying valuation of investment properties. Killam has applied judgement in estimating the valuation given the uncertainties surrounding the economic impact of COVID-19, higher inflation and increased borrowing costs.

Investment property valuations are most sensitive to changes in the cap-rate. The cap-rate assumptions for the investment properties are included in the following table by region:

	June 30, 2022			December 31, 2021		
	Low	High	Effective Weighted Average	Low	High	Effective Weighted Average
Apartments	3.00%	7.00%	4.38%	3.00%	7.00%	4.41%
Halifax	3.75%	5.60%	4.40%	3.75%	5.60%	4.37%
Moncton	3.80%	6.50%	4.91%	3.80%	7.00%	4.86%
Fredericton	5.00%	5.25%	5.11%	5.00%	5.25%	5.10%
Saint John	5.25%	5.25%	5.25%	5.25%	5.25%	5.25%
St. John's	5.00%	7.00%	5.74%	5.00%	6.00%	5.64%
Charlottetown	5.00%	5.75%	5.46%	4.42%	5.75%	5.39%
Ontario	3.00%	4.87%	3.55%	3.00%	4.87%	3.59%
British Columbia	3.50%	3.96%	3.62%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%
Alberta	4.47%	5.00%	4.66%	4.47%	5.00%	4.65%
MHCs	5.00%	6.50%	5.59%	5.00%	6.50%	5.59%
Ontario	5.00%	6.50%	5.86%	5.00%	6.50%	5.86%
Nova Scotia	5.00%	6.00%	5.27%	5.00%	6.00%	5.27%
New Brunswick	5.19%	6.50%	5.78%	5.19%	6.50%	5.77%
Newfoundland	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%	6.00%

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)
[unaudited]

3. Investment Properties (continued)

Fair Value Sensitivity

The following table summarizes the impact of changes in capitalization rates and stabilized NOI on the fair value of Killam's investment properties:

		Change in Stabilized NOI ⁽¹⁾				
		(2.00)%	(1.00)%	— %	1.00%	2.00%
Change in Capitalization Rate	(1.00)%	\$1,201,469	\$1,260,300	\$1,319,130	\$1,377,961	\$1,436,791
	(0.75)%	\$812,529	\$867,390	\$922,252	\$977,114	\$1,031,975
	(0.50)%	\$473,015	\$524,412	\$575,809	\$627,206	\$678,604
	(0.25)%	174,037	222,384	270,730	319,077	367,423
	—%	(91,278)	(45,639)	—	45,639	91,278
	0.25%	(328,331)	(285,111)	(241,891)	(198,671)	(155,450)
	0.50%	(541,423)	(500,377)	(459,331)	(418,285)	(377,239)
	0.75%	(734,021)	(694,941)	(655,860)	(616,779)	(577,699)
	1.00%	(908,955)	(871,659)	(834,364)	(797,068)	(759,773)

⁽¹⁾ Includes Killam's apartment and MHC portfolios, which are valued using the direct income capitalization method, and commercial assets valued using the discounted cash flow approach. The sensitivity for commercial assets is calculated using an implied capitalization rate based on the stabilized NOI of the properties.

4. Residential Inventory

Residential inventory consists of assets that are for sale in ordinary course of business and MHC home inventory.

	Six months ended June 30, 2022	Year ended December 31, 2021
Balance, beginning of period	\$212	\$9
Net change in MHC home inventory	(169)	203
Transfer from investment properties	3,073	—
Capital expenditures	1,770	—
Balance, end of period	\$4,886	\$212

Residential inventory consists of assets acquired or developed that Killam does not intend to use for rental income purposes and plans to sell in the ordinary course of business. Killam expects to earn a return on such assets through a combination of property operating income earned during the holding period and sale proceeds. As at June 30, 2022, residential inventory consists of the development of townhouses in Charlottetown, PE, and MHC home inventory intended for resale.

5. Joint Operations and Investments in Joint Venture

Killam has interests in five properties, one development project and land for future development that are subject to joint control and are joint operations. Accordingly, the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position and condensed consolidated interim statements of income and comprehensive income include Killam's rights to and obligations for the related assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. As at June 30, 2022, the fair value of the investment properties subject to joint control was \$375.8 million (December 31, 2021 - \$371.5 million).

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)
[unaudited]

6. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Current and Non-Current Assets

Cash and Cash Equivalents

As at June 30, 2022, Killam had \$8.9 million (December 31, 2021 - \$6.5 million) in cash and cash equivalents, consisting of \$2.1 million in operating cash and \$6.8 million in security deposits (December 31, 2021 - \$0.5 million and \$6.0 million).

Other Current Assets

As at	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Restricted cash	\$382	\$1,437
Deposits	1,546	1,575
Prepaid expenses	17,963	7,848
	\$19,891	\$10,860

Restricted cash consists of property tax reserves. Deposits consist of funds held in trust for future acquisitions.

Other Non-Current Assets

As at June 30, 2022, Killam had a \$0.1 million derivative asset (December 31, 2021 - \$0.02 million derivative liability) and a loan receivable of \$4.3 million (December 31, 2021 - \$4.4 million) from its 25% joint owner of Royalty Crossing (Charlottetown Mall). The loan receivable bears interest at 6.5% to be paid monthly and full repayment of the loan is due within 36 months from the initial advance in June 2021.

7. Mortgages and Loans Payable

As at	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021	
	Weighted Average Interest	Debt Balance	Weighted Average Interest	Debt Balance
Mortgages and loans payable				
Fixed rate	2.63%	\$1,933,635	2.58%	\$1,907,064
Variable rate	3.17%	3,800	2.37%	8,270
Total		\$1,937,435		\$1,915,334
Current		290,129		236,943
Non-current		1,647,306		1,678,391
		\$1,937,435		\$1,915,334

Mortgages are collateralized by a first charge on the properties of Killam. As at June 30, 2022, unamortized deferred financing costs of \$38.8 million (December 31, 2021 - \$37.0 million) and mark-to-market adjustments on mortgages assumed on acquisitions of \$0.7 million (December 31, 2021 - \$0.8 million) are netted against mortgages and loans payable.

Estimated future principal payments and maturities required to meet mortgage obligations by the 12 month period ending June 30, are as follows:

	Principal Amount	% of Total Principal
2023	\$290,129	14.7%
2024	286,417	14.5%
2025	320,540	16.2%
2026	298,184	15.1%
2027	241,398	12.2%
Subsequent to 2027	540,277	27.3%
	\$1,976,945	100.0%
Unamortized deferred financing costs	(\$38,761)	
Unamortized mark-to-market adjustments	(\$749)	
	\$1,937,435	

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)
[unaudited]

8. Credit Facilities

Killam has access to two credit facilities with credit limits of \$155.0 million (\$175.0 million with the accordion feature) and \$15.0 million (December 31, 2021 - \$155.0 million and \$15.0 million) that can be used for acquisition and general business purposes.

The \$155.0 million facility bears interest at prime plus 55 bps on prime rate advances or 155 bps over bankers' acceptances ("BAs"). The facility includes a \$30.0 million demand revolver and a \$125.0 million committed revolver as well as an accordion option to increase the \$155.0 million facility by an additional \$20.0 million. The agreement includes certain covenants and undertakings with which Killam was in compliance as at June 30, 2022. This facility matures December 16, 2024 and includes a one-year extension option.

The \$15.0 million demand facility bears interest at prime plus 125 bps on advances and 155 bps on issuance of letters of credit in addition to 50 bps per annum. The agreement includes certain covenants and undertakings with which Killam was in compliance as at June 30, 2022.

As at June 30, 2022	Maximum Loan Amount ⁽¹⁾	Amount Drawn	Letters of Credit	Amount Available
\$155.0 million facility	\$175,000	\$91,000	—	\$84,000
\$15.0 million facility	15,000	8,628	2,243	4,129
Total	\$190,000	\$99,628	\$2,243	\$88,129

As at December 31, 2021	Maximum Loan Amount ⁽¹⁾	Amount Drawn	Letters of Credit	Amount Available
\$155.0 million facility	\$175,000	\$54,500	—	\$120,500
\$15.0 million facility	15,000	7,230	1,745	6,025
Total	\$190,000	\$61,730	\$1,745	\$126,525

⁽¹⁾ Maximum loan includes a \$20.0 million accordion option, for which collateral is pledged.

9. Construction Loans

As at June 30, 2022, Killam had access to six variable rate non-revolving demand construction loans, for the purpose of financing development projects, totalling \$186.6 million. As at June 30, 2022, \$105.3 million was drawn on the construction loans (December 31, 2021 - \$77.6 million). Payments are made monthly on an interest-only basis. The weighted-average contractual interest rate on amounts outstanding during the three-month period ended June 30, 2022 was 2.84% (December 31, 2021 - 2.01%). Once construction is complete and rental targets achieved, the construction loans are expected to be repaid in full and replaced with conventional mortgages.

10. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

As at	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$48,448	\$53,109
Distributions payable	7,055	6,737
Mortgage interest payable	3,975	3,873
Security deposits	12,417	11,194
	\$71,895	\$74,913

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Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)
[unaudited]

11. Exchangeable Units

	Number of Exchangeable Units	Value
Balance, December 31, 2021	4,004,270	\$94,461
Fair value adjustment	—	(25,788)
Balance, June 30, 2022	4,004,270	\$68,673

The Exchangeable Units are non-transferable, but are exchangeable, on a one-for-one basis, into Killam Trust Units at any time at the option of the holder. Prior to such exchange, distributions will be made on these Exchangeable Units in an amount equivalent to the distributions that would have been made had the Units been exchanged for Killam Trust Units.

12. Unitholders' Equity

By virtue of Killam being an open-ended mutual fund Trust, unitholders of Trust Units are entitled to redeem their Trust Units at any time at prices determined and payable in accordance with the conditions specified in Killam's DOT. As a result, under IFRS, Trust Units are defined as financial liabilities; however, for the purposes of financial statement classification and presentation, the Trust Units may be presented as equity instruments as they meet the puttable instrument exemption under IAS 32.

All Trust Units outstanding are fully paid, have no par value and are voting Trust Units. The DOT authorizes the issuance of an unlimited number of Trust Units. Trust Units represent a unitholder's proportionate undivided beneficial interest in Killam. No Trust Unit has any preference or priority over another. No unitholder has or is deemed to have any right of ownership in any of the assets of Killam. Each Unit confers the right to one vote at any meeting of unitholders and to participate pro rata in any distributions and, on liquidation to a pro rata share of the residual net assets remaining after preferential claims thereon of debtholders.

Unitholders have the right to redeem their Units at the lesser of (i) 90% of the market price of the Trust Unit (market price is defined as the weighted average trading price of the previous 10 trading days) and (ii) the most recent closing market price (closing market price is defined as the weighted average trading price on the specified date) at the time of the redemption. The redemption price will be satisfied by cash, up to a limit of \$50 thousand for all redemptions in a calendar month, or a note payable. For the six months ended June 30, 2022, no unitholders redeemed Units.

The Units issued and outstanding are as follows:

	Number of Trust Units	Value
Balance, December 31, 2021	110,557,466	\$1,230,307
Distribution reinvestment plan	610,726	12,493
Restricted Trust Units redeemed	61,205	752
Units issued for cash	4,715,000	93,628
Balance, June 30, 2022	115,944,397	\$1,337,180

Units issued for cash

	Price per Unit	Gross Proceeds	Transaction Costs	Net Proceeds	Units Issued
Bought-deal (February 4, 2022)	\$20.80	\$85,280	\$3,923	\$81,357	4,100,000
Over-allotment (February 4, 2022)	\$20.80	12,792	521	12,271	615,000
Total		\$98,072	\$4,444	\$93,628	4,715,000

Distribution Reinvestment Plan ("DRIP")

Killam's DRIP allows unitholders to acquire additional Units of the Trust through the reinvestment of distributions on their Units. Unitholders who participate in the DRIP receive additional Units equal to 3% of the Units reinvested. Units issued with the DRIP are issued directly from the Trust at a price based on the 10-day volume weighted average closing price of the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") preceding the relevant distribution date, which typically is on or about the 15th day of the month following the distribution declaration.

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Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)
[unaudited]

12. Unitholders' Equity (continued)

Normal Course Issuer Bid

In May 2022, Killam announced that the Toronto Stock Exchange (the "TSX") had accepted Killam's notice of intention to make a normal course issuer bid for its Trust Units. Under the normal course issuer bid, Killam may acquire up to 3,000,000 Trust Units commencing on June 2, 2022, and ending on June 1, 2023. All purchases of Trust Units are made through the facilities of the TSX at the market price of the Trust Units at the time of acquisition. Daily repurchases by Killam are limited to 53,703 Trust Units, other than block purchase exemptions. Any Units acquired will be cancelled.

13. Distributions

Killam pays distributions to its unitholders in accordance with its DOT. Distributions declared by the Board of Trustees are paid monthly, on or about the 15th day of each month.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the distributions declared related to the Trust Units were \$20.4 million and \$40.6 million (three and six months ended June 30, 2021 - \$18.5 million and \$36.3 million). For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, distributions declared related to the Exchangeable Units were \$0.7 million and \$1.4 million (three and six months ended June 30, 2021 - \$0.7 million and \$1.4 million). The distributions on the Exchangeable Units are recorded in financing costs.

14. Deferred Unit-based Compensation

Restricted Trust Units ("RTUs") are awarded to members of the senior executive team and director-level employees as a percentage of their compensation. The Trust also grants RTUs subject to performance conditions under the RTU Plan for certain senior executives. Non-executive members of the Board of Trustees have the right to receive a percentage of their annual retainer in the form of RTUs.

The number of RTUs awarded are based on the volume weighted average price of all Trust Units traded on the TSX for the five trading days immediately preceding the date on which the compensation is awarded. The RTUs earn distributions based on the same distributions paid on the Trust Units, and such distributions translate into additional RTUs. The initial RTUs, and RTUs acquired through distribution reinvestment, are credited to each person's account and are not issued to the employee or Board member until they redeem such RTUs. For employees, the RTUs will be redeemed and paid out in Trust Units by December 31 of the year in which the RTUs have vested. Effective Q3-2017, RTUs issued to Trustees will be redeemed and paid, in the issuance of Trust Units, upon retirement from the Board.

The RTUs subject to performance conditions will be subject to both internal and external measures consisting of both absolute and relative performance over a three-year period. Killam accounts for the RTUs subject to performance conditions under the fair value method of accounting, and uses the Monte-Carlo simulation pricing model to determine the fair value, which allows for the incorporation of the market based performance hurdles that must be met before the RTUs subject to performance conditions vest.

The RTUs are considered a financial liability because there is a contractual obligation for the Trust to deliver Trust Units (which are accounted for as liabilities, but presented as equity instruments under IAS 32) upon conversion of the RTUs. The RTUs are measured at fair value with changes flowing through the condensed consolidated interim statements of income and comprehensive income. The fair value of the vested RTUs as at June 30, 2022, is \$3.3 million, which includes \$1.2 million related to RTUs subject to performance conditions (December 31, 2021 - \$6.4 million and \$2.6 million). For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, compensation expense of \$0.4 million and \$1.0 million (three and six months ended June 30, 2021 - \$0.5 million and \$1.0 million) has been recognized in respect of the RTUs.

The details of the RTUs issued are shown below:

	Six months ended June 30, 2022		Year ended December 31, 2021	
	Number of RTUs	Weighted Average Issue Price	Number of RTUs	Weighted Average Issue Price
Outstanding, beginning of period	359,172	\$18.10	351,734	\$16.93
Granted	123,407	21.24	143,054	18.14
Redeemed	(127,867)	17.10	(148,016)	13.09
Forfeited	(10,927)	19.93	—	—
Additional Restricted Trust Unit distributions	6,564	20.51	12,400	19.92
Outstanding, end of period	350,349	\$19.58	359,172	\$18.10

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)
[unaudited]

15. Revenue

In accordance with IFRS 15, Management has evaluated the lease and non-lease components of its revenue and has determined the following allocation:

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Rental revenue ⁽¹⁾	\$57,899	\$49,913	\$112,899	\$97,748
Property expense recoveries	20,387	17,575	39,753	34,419
Ancillary revenue	3,262	2,812	6,360	5,507
	\$81,548	\$70,300	\$159,012	\$137,674

⁽¹⁾ Includes base rent, realty taxes and insurance recoveries, which are outside the scope of IFRS 15.

16. Financing Costs

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Mortgage, loan and construction loan interest	\$13,209	\$11,292	\$25,585	\$22,431
Interest on credit facilities	494	160	691	467
Interest on Exchangeable Units	701	681	1,402	1,378
Amortization of deferred financing costs	910	877	1,770	1,754
Amortization of fair value adjustments on assumed debt	20	12	40	24
Unrealized gain on derivative liability	(62)	(40)	(170)	(80)
Interest on lease liabilities	97	97	195	193
Capitalized interest	(797)	(720)	(1,672)	(1,461)
	\$14,572	\$12,359	\$27,841	\$24,706

17. Deferred Income Tax

Trusts that satisfy the REIT Exemption are excluded from the specified investment flow-through ("SIFT") definition and therefore will not be subject to taxation under the SIFT Rules. Effective December 31, 2021, Killam qualified for the REIT Exemption and continues to meet the REIT Exemption as at June 30, 2022, and is therefore not subject to taxation to the extent that income is distributed to unitholders. However, this exemption does not extend to the corporate subsidiaries of Killam that are taxable legal entities. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the deferred tax expense relates to the corporate subsidiary entity of the REIT.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)
[unaudited]

18. Segmented Information

For investment properties, discrete financial information is provided on a property-by-property basis to members of executive management, which collectively comprise the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). The individual properties are aggregated into segments with similar economic characteristics such as the nature of the property, vacancy rates, long-term growth rates and other characteristics. Management considers that this is best achieved by aggregating into apartments, MHCs and commercial segments. Consequently, Killam is considered to have three reportable segments, as follows:

- Apartment segment - acquires, operates, manages and develops multi-family residential properties across Canada;
- MHC segment - acquires and operates MHC communities in Ontario and Eastern Canada; and
- Commercial segment - acquires and operates stand-alone commercial properties in Ontario, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island. The segment includes eight commercial properties.

Killam's administration costs, other income, financing costs, depreciation, fair value adjustments, loss on disposition and deferred tax expense are not reported to the CODM on a segment basis.

The accounting policies of these reportable segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies described in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021. Reportable segment performance is analyzed based on NOI. The operating results, and selected assets and liabilities, of the reportable segments are as follows:

Three months ended June 30, 2022	Apartments	MHCs	Commercial	Total
Property revenue	\$71,435	\$5,221	\$4,892	\$81,548
Property operating expenses	(25,975)	(1,822)	(2,066)	(29,863)
Net operating income	\$45,460	\$3,399	\$2,826	\$51,685

Three months ended June 30, 2021	Apartments	MHCs	Commercial	Total
Property revenue	\$61,296	\$4,919	\$4,085	\$70,300
Property operating expenses	(22,420)	(1,410)	(1,874)	(25,704)
Net operating income	\$38,876	\$3,509	\$2,211	\$44,596

Six months ended June 30, 2022	Apartments	MHCs	Commercial	Total
Property revenue	\$140,776	\$8,735	\$9,501	\$159,012
Property operating expenses	(54,516)	(3,329)	(4,219)	(62,064)
Net operating income	\$86,260	\$5,406	\$5,282	\$96,948

Six months ended June 30, 2021	Apartments	MHCs	Commercial	Total
Property revenue	\$121,228	\$8,267	\$8,179	\$137,674
Property operating expenses	(45,761)	(3,034)	(4,020)	(52,815)
Net operating income	\$75,467	\$5,233	\$4,159	\$84,859

Selected Statement of financial position items⁽¹⁾

As at June 30, 2022	Apartments	MHCs	Commercial	Total
Total Investment Properties	\$4,398,821	\$232,759	\$159,590	\$4,791,170
Mortgages payable/construction loans	\$1,912,561	\$77,539	\$52,620	\$2,042,720

As at December 31, 2021	Apartments	MHCs	Commercial	Total
Investment properties	\$4,154,201	\$231,370	\$155,306	\$4,540,877
Mortgages payable/construction loans	\$1,865,925	\$83,013	\$43,992	\$1,992,930

⁽¹⁾ Total investment properties for the Apartments segment includes IPUC and land held for development.

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Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)

[unaudited]

19. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net income items related to investing and financing activities				
Interest paid on mortgages payable and other	\$13,378	\$11,354	\$35,726	\$22,452
Interest paid on credit facilities	494	160	691	467
	\$13,872	\$11,514	\$36,417	\$22,919
Net change in non-cash operating assets and liabilities				
Rent and other receivables	\$424	(\$820)	(\$76)	(\$1,272)
Residential inventory	(1,652)	—	(4,674)	—
Other current assets	(10,291)	(4,789)	(10,035)	(5,667)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	144	609	(3,017)	3,193
	(\$11,375)	(\$5,000)	(\$17,802)	(\$3,746)

20. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

Killam's principal financial liabilities consist of mortgages, credit facilities, construction loans and trade payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance investment properties and operations. Killam has various financial assets, such as tenant receivables, which arise directly from its operations.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is the amount that would be received in the sale of an asset or would be paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities is determined by discounting the contractual principal and interest payments at estimated current market interest rates for the instrument. Current market rates are determined by reference to current benchmark rates for similar term and current credit spreads for debt with similar terms and risks. For certain of the Trust's financial instruments the carrying value represents fair value due to the short term nature including, loan receivable, construction loans and credit facilities, and as such these items are not included in the table below. The fair values of the Trust's financial instruments were determined as follows:

(i) the fair values of the mortgages payable are estimated based upon discounted future cash flows using discount rates that reflect current market conditions for instruments with similar terms and risks. Such fair value estimates are not necessarily indicative of the amounts Killam might pay or receive in actual market transactions;

(ii) the fair value of the deferred unit-based compensation and the Exchangeable Units is estimated at the reporting date, based on the closing market price of the Trust Units listed on the TSX. The performance based RTUs are determined using a pricing model. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in estimates could significantly affect fair values;

(iii) the fair value of the derivative is calculated based on an estimate of the mid-market arbitrage-free price of the swap. The arbitrage-free price comprises the present value of the future rights and obligations between two parties to receive or deliver future cash flows or exchange other assets or liabilities. Future obligations are valued as the sum of the present values as of the valuation date of contractually fixed future amounts and expected variable future amounts, the expected size of which is calculated from the projected levels of underlying variables. Future rights are valued as the sum of the present values of the expected values of contingent future amounts, the existence and size of which are calculated from the projected levels of underlying variables.

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[unaudited]

20. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

The significant financial instruments and their carrying values as at June 30, 2022, and December 31, 2021, are as follows:

As at Classification	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial assets carried at FVTPL:				
Derivative asset ⁽¹⁾	\$150	\$150	—	—
Financial liabilities carried at amortized cost:				
Mortgages and loans payable ⁽²⁾	\$1,937,435	\$1,928,492	\$1,915,334	\$1,964,015
Financial liabilities carried at FVTPL:				
Exchangeable Units	\$68,673	\$68,673	\$94,461	\$94,461
Derivative liability ⁽¹⁾	—	—	\$20	\$20
Deferred unit-based compensation	\$3,322	\$3,322	\$6,376	\$6,376

(1) The \$0.1 million derivative asset is included in other non-current assets within the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position (December 31, 2021 - \$0.02 million derivative liability, included in other non-current liabilities).

(2) Mortgages and loans payable does not include construction loans and credit facilities, the carrying value of these line items represents fair value.

The interest rates used to discount the estimated cash flows, when applicable, are based on the five-year government yield curve at the reporting date, which is in-line with Killam's weighted average years to maturity of 4.2 years, plus an adequate credit spread, and were as follows:

As at	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Mortgages - Apartments	4.11%	2.40%
Mortgages - MHCs	4.61%	3.00%

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value

Fair value measurements recognized in the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position are categorized using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs used in determining the fair values:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities or valuation techniques where significant inputs are based on observable market data.

Level 3: Valuation techniques for which any significant input is not based on observable market data.

The fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position is as follows:

As at	June 30, 2022			December 31, 2021		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets						
Investment properties	—	—	\$4,791,170	—	—	\$4,540,877
Residential inventory	—	\$4,886	—	—	—	—
Derivative asset ⁽¹⁾	—	\$150	—	—	—	—
Liabilities						
Exchangeable Units	—	\$68,673	—	—	\$94,461	—
Derivative liability ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	—	\$20	—
Deferred unit-based compensation	—	\$2,765	\$557	—	\$4,859	\$1,517

(1) The \$0.1 million derivative asset is included in other non-current assets within the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position (December 31, 2021 - \$0.02 million derivative liability included in other non-current liabilities).

Transfers between levels in the fair value hierarchy are recognized on the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no transfers of assets or liabilities between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022.

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20. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

Risk Management

Killam may enter into derivative transactions, primarily interest rate swap contracts to manage interest rate risk arising from fluctuations in bond yields, as well as natural gas and oil swap contracts to manage price risk arising from fluctuations in these commodities. It is, and has been, Killam's policy that no speculative trading in derivatives shall be undertaken. The main risks arising from Killam's financial instruments are interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. These risks are managed as follows:

(i) Interest Rate Risk

Killam is exposed to interest rate risk as a result of its mortgages and loans payable; however, this risk is mitigated through Management's strategy to structure the majority of its mortgages in fixed-term arrangements, as well as, at times, entering into cash flow hedges. Killam also structures its financings so as to stagger the maturities of its debt, minimizing the exposure to interest rate volatility in any one year.

As at June 30, 2022, \$208.7 million of Killam's debt had variable interest rates, including construction loans totalling \$105.3 million, amounts drawn on its credit facilities of \$99.6 million and one demand loan totalling \$3.8 million. These loans and facilities have interest rates of prime plus 0.55% - 1.63% or 105 - 155 bps above BAs (December 31, 2021 - prime plus 0.5% - 1.25% or 105-245 bps above BAs) and consequently, Killam is exposed to short-term interest rate risk on these loans.

Killam's fixed mortgage debt, which matures in the next 12 months, totals \$222.6 million. Assuming these mortgages are refinanced at similar terms, except at a 100 bps increase in interest rates, financing costs would increase by \$2.2 million per year.

(ii) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that tenants may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfill their lease term commitments. Killam mitigates the risk of credit loss through the diversification of its existing portfolio and limiting its exposure to any one tenant.

Credit assessments are conducted for all prospective tenants and Killam also obtains a security deposit to assist in potential recoveries. In addition, receivables balances are monitored on an ongoing basis. Killam's bad debt expense experience has historically been less than 0.3% of revenue. None of Killam's tenants account for more than 4% of the tenant receivables as at June 30, 2022 or 2021.

Killam has considered the cash flow difficulties that may be experienced by commercial and residential tenants due to the impact of COVID-19 and the probability of default and has adjusted its exposure in recognizing an expected credit loss in an allowance for doubtful accounts.

(iii) Liquidity Risk

Management manages Killam's cash resources based on financial forecasts and anticipated cash flows. Killam structures its financing so as to stagger the maturities of its debt, thereby minimizing Killam's exposure to liquidity risk in any one year. In addition, Killam's apartments qualify for Canadian Mortgage and Housing Corporation ("CMHC") insured debt, reducing the refinancing risk upon mortgage maturities. Killam's MHCs and commercial assets do not qualify for CMHC insured debt; however, these assets access to conventional mortgage debt. Management does not anticipate liquidity concerns on the maturity of its mortgages as funds continue to be accessible in the multi-residential sector.

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, Killam refinanced \$105.0 million of maturing apartment mortgages with new mortgages totalling \$149.9 million, generating net proceeds of \$44.8 million. The following table presents the principal payments (excluding interest) and maturities of Killam's liabilities for the next five years and thereafter:

For the twelve months ending June 30,	Mortgage and loans payable	Construction loans ⁽¹⁾	Credit facilities	Total
2023	\$290,129	\$105,285	\$8,628	\$404,042
2024	286,417	—	91,000	377,417
2025	320,540	—	—	320,540
2026	298,184	—	—	298,184
2027	241,398	—	—	241,398
Thereafter	540,277	—	—	540,277
	\$1,976,945	\$105,285	\$99,628	\$2,181,858

⁽¹⁾ Construction loans are demand loans, but expected to be repaid once construction is complete and rental targets achieved. Once these targets are achieved each construction loan is expected to be repaid in full and replaced with conventional financing.

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[unaudited]

21. Capital Management

The primary objective of Killam's capital management is to ensure a healthy capital structure to support the business and maximize unitholder value. Killam manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, Killam may adjust the distribution payment to unitholders, issue additional Units, issue debt securities or adjust mortgage financing on properties.

Killam's primary measure of capital management is the total debt as a percentage of total assets ratio. Killam's strategy, as outlined in the operating policies of its DOT, is for its overall indebtedness not to exceed 70% of total assets. The calculation of total debt as a percentage of total assets is summarized as follows:

As at	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Mortgages and loans payable	\$1,937,435	\$1,915,334
Credit facilities	\$99,628	\$61,730
Construction loans	\$105,285	\$77,596
Total interest bearing debt	\$2,142,348	\$2,054,660
Total assets ⁽¹⁾	\$4,835,658	\$4,568,903
Total debt as a percentage of total assets	44.3%	45.0%

⁽¹⁾ Excludes right of use asset of \$9.6 million as at June 30, 2022 (December 31, 2021 - \$9.6 million).

The above calculation is sensitive to changes in the fair value of investment properties, in particular, cap-rate changes. The quantitative sensitivity analysis shown below illustrates the value increase or decrease in Killam's debt to asset ratio given the change in the noted input:

Cap-Rate Sensitivity Increase (Decrease)	Fair Value of Investment Properties ⁽¹⁾	Total Assets	Total Debt as % of Total Assets	Change (bps)
(1.00)%	\$6,065,829	\$6,110,317	35.1%	(920)
(0.75)%	\$5,668,950	\$5,713,438	37.5%	(680)
(0.50)%	\$5,322,508	\$5,366,996	39.9%	(440)
(0.25)%	\$5,017,428	\$5,061,916	42.3%	(200)
—%	\$4,791,170	\$4,835,658	44.3%	—
0.25%	\$4,504,807	\$4,549,295	47.1%	280
0.50%	\$4,287,367	\$4,331,855	49.5%	520
0.75%	\$4,090,838	\$4,135,326	51.8%	750
1.00%	\$3,912,334	\$3,956,822	54.1%	980

⁽¹⁾ The cap-rate sensitivity is calculating the impact on Killam's apartment and MHC portfolios, which are valued using the direct income capitalization method and Killam's commercial portfolio which is valued using the discounted cash flow method. The sensitivity for commercial assets is calculated using an implied capitalization rate based on the stabilized NOI of the properties.

22. Commitments and Contingencies

Killam is subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. These matters are generally covered by insurance. Management believes that the final outcome of such matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations or liquidity of Killam. However, actual outcomes may differ from Management's expectations.

Killam purchased a 10% interest of a planned four-phase 829-unit development project in Calgary, Alberta in 2018. Phase 1 was completed in January 2021 and Killam purchased the remaining 90% interest in the 233 unit property on January 21, 2021. Construction of Phase II commenced in December 2021 and Killam has a \$65.0 million commitment in place to purchase the remaining 90% interest following completion of construction and the achievement of certain conditions which are expected to occur in late 2023.

Killam entered into a supply contract for electricity to hedge its own usage, which is summarized below:

Area	Utility	Usage Coverage	Term	Cost
Ontario	Gas	25%	December 1, 2021 - October 31, 2023	\$4.70/GJ
Alberta	Gas	25%	December 1, 2021 - November 30, 2023	\$3.81/GJ

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

*Dollar amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars (except as noted)
[unaudited]*

23. Financial Guarantees

Killam is the guarantor on a joint and several basis for certain mortgage debt held through its joint operations. As at June 30, 2022, the maximum potential obligation resulting from these guarantees is \$74.1 million, related to long term mortgage financing (December 31, 2021 - \$75.1 million). The loans held through its joint operations are secured by a first ranking mortgage over the associated investment properties. Killam's portion of the total mortgages for these properties are recorded as a mortgage liability on the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position.

Management has reviewed the contingent liability associated with its financial guarantee contracts and, as at June 30, 2022, determined that a provision is not required to be recognized in the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position (December 31, 2021 - \$nil).

24. Related Party Transactions

Killam owns a 50% interest in two commercial properties located at 3700 & 3770 Kempt Road in Halifax, NS, the remaining 50% interest in these properties is owned by an executive and Trustee of Killam. These properties are managed by a third party. Killam's head office occupies approximately 23,000 square feet of one of the buildings with base rent of approximately \$14.00 per square foot, of which 50% is paid to the related party based on the ownership interest.

25. Subsequent Events

On July 4, 2022, Killam acquired a 99-site MHC park in Amherst, NS, for \$2.5 million.

On July 18, 2022, Killam announced a distribution of \$0.05833 per unit, payable on August 15, 2022, to unitholders of record on July 30, 2022.